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#### CHEMOTHERAPY OF RODENT MALARIA

Annual/Final Report

by

WALLACE PETERS MD DSc

September 1981

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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

Although an interim Annual Report was submitted at the beginning of 1981, this is the first full Annual Report submitted by the Principal Investigator from the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine. Unlike the interim report, which covered only the initial four months of the contract, this report summarises the activities of the chemotherapy group for 13 months (12 months initial contract plus one month's extension). The work reported on also includes results obtained from the completion of studies commenced in Liverpool under the contracts held prior to the Principal Investigator's transfer to London.

#### 2. ADMINISTRATIVE EVENTS

The transfer of strains of rodent malaria, referred to in the interim report, has now been completed and facilities for the investigation of the schizontocidal effect of compounds against a wide range of drug-sensitive and resistant strains of rodent malaria now exist at the School's field station at Winches Farm, St. Albans. Close liaison has been maintained by the visits of Colonel Davidson to London and of the PI to WRAIR together with several meetings between Colonel Canfield and the PI coinciding with joint service on the Steering Committee of the WHO CHEMAL Scientific Working Group.

Staff employed on US Army funds are as follows:

Emeritus Professor Dinah James (Pharmacologist) (part time) Senior Technologist - Mr B L Robinson (ex-Liverpool) 50% time Trainee technician - Ms A West.

Other staff associated with this project but paid from School sources are:

Professor W Peters (PI)	20% time
Dr D C Warhurst (Biologist) (ex-Liverpool)	20% time
Dr D S Ellis (Electron Microscopist)	10% time
Dr W E Ormerod (Biologist-Pharmacologist)	20% time.

The conversion of accommodation at Winches Farm is now almost complete and insectary facilities will be available from early in 1982.

The collection of WRAIR compounds transferred from Liverpool has been supplemented by the addition of 33 compounds received from WRAIR for testing in various systems. Much of the work requiring mosquitoes has been held in abeyance pending completion of the new insectaries at Winches Farm but some studies have been undertaken as a result of the high degree of cooperation offered by colleagues in the Ross Institute of the London School and the Museum Nationale d'Histoire Naturelle in Paris.

# 3. CHEMOTHERAPY STUDIES

## 3.1 Causal Prophylaxis

No routine causal prophylaxis tests have been run since

the submission of the interim report. Data on the compounds reported on in that report are included again in this submission and are appended as Tables 2 through 9, and summarised in Table 1.

The 5-phenoxy substituted 8-aminoquinolines WR 231530 and 232584 are both active, the former between 30 and 60 mg/kg sc and po. The latter compound is fully effective between 10 and 30 mg/kg sc and at doses greater than 30 mg/kg p.o. No residual activity (RA) was apparent at these doses. The lepidine WR 237222 is active at 30 mg/kg sc with no RA at that dose level but inactive at 30 mg/kg po. WR 225449, a Mannich base is fully active at 30 mg/kg sc and active at that dose po. RA is marked at 30 mg/kg by either route. The naphthalene methanol WR 232143 is fully active at 10 mg/kg sc with no RA and active at 30 mg/kg po with some RA. WR 218573, 7295 and 181613 display no activity sc and po at 30 mg/kg.

Assessments of residual activity have been performed on all the new WRAIR compounds received and the results of these investigations are summarised and appended as Tables 25, 26. The only compound to show marked residual activity at a dose level of 30 mg/kg sc was the floxacrine analogue WR\* (BK 02771) which remained fully effective against P.y.nigeriensis challenge seven days after treatment and was still partially effective, producing delay in the development of infection, 21 days after treatment.

At a dose level of 100 mg/kg sc the Mannich base WR 194965 was fully effective two days post treatment and marked activity was apparent seven days post treatment. Marked residual activity two days after treatment was shown at 100 mg/kg sc by WR 238605 but seven days after treatment no effect remained. The 8-aminoquinoline WR 232584 was also checked for residual activity and the test confirmed that there was no residual activity at the MFAD (30 mg/kg sc) although slight residual activity was present at 100 mg/kg sc.

The 8-aminoquinoline WR 225448 has been examined in the rat model developed by Dr Irene Landau (see section 3.7) (Table 27) and has shown to have a direct effect on the EE schizont.

## 3.2 Gametocytocidal action

No routine gametocytocidal screening has been carried out but a number of compounds are scheduled for examination as soon as the Winches Farm insectaries are functioning.

## 3.3 Blood schizontocides

Data obtained with WRAIR compounds in our blood schizontocidal "four-day test" system with sensitive and drug resistant lines are presented in Tables 11 through 24, and summarised in Table 10. In particular we note that the Mannich base WR 194965 is highly active sc against the N strain and the moderately chloroquine resistant RC strain. The other Mannich base WR 228258 is somewhat less active sc but moreactive po against the N strain and shows a slight but significant loss of activity against the mefloquine resistant N/1100 strain. The 8-aminoquinolines WR 225448, 232584 and 226296 are highly effective against the N strain. While WR 232584 and 225448 are only slightly less active against the primaquine resistant P line, WR 226296

is much less effective against this line.

Floxacrine and the two floxacrine analogues WR\* (BKO2771) and WR\* (BK O2780) have been compared and, whilst both analogues are markedly lessactive than floxacrine, it is interesting to note that all three compounds are more active against the N/1100 line than against N strain and that both floxacrine and WR\* (BKO2771) are also significantly more active against NS strain than N strain.

## 3.4 Sporontocidal action

The absence of suitable insectary facilities has prevented the establishment of a routine screen. However, it has been possible to examine one compound, WR 228258, so far. No sporontocidal action is shown by this compound.

Routine screening for sporontocidal effect is scheduled to begin in early 1982.

## 3.5 Drug combinations

No studies are currently being made.

# 3.6 Development and prevention of drug resistance

A long term study is being run of the effects of administering a mixture of mefloquine with "Fansidar" (pyrimethamine + sulfadoxine) \* using the relapse technique i.e. fixed, single drug dose at the time of infection. To date, resistance to mefloquine would appear to be inhibited by the simultaneous administration of "Fansidar" when compared with earlier studies on the development of resistance to mefloquine alone. Our initial results are shown graphically in Figure 1 (a) and 1 (b) and would tend to support the claims of Merkli et al (1980) that resistance develops to mefloquine more slowly when it is given together with Fansidar. Further work on this is being carried out and, currently, we are studying the development of mefloquine resistance in a line which is already resistant to Fansidar. No data are as yet available on this line.

#### 3.7 Mode of drug action

The main emphasis of our work on mode of action has been directed towards the two Mannich bases WR 228258 and 194965 and the 8-aminoquinoline WR 225448. The techniques employed so far have been the chloroquine included pigment clumping test (CIPC) and the Desjardin H<sup>3</sup> hypoxanthine incorporation test (HIT). These in vitro techniques utilise P. berghei (CIPC) and the Wellcome-Liverpool strain of P. falciparum (HIT). Additionally, ultrastructural studies on the effects of these compounds in vivo against P. berghei have been undertaken.

## (i) P. berghei CIPC

 $\frac{\text{WR } 194965}{\text{competitively clumping produced by chloroquine.}}$  The dissociation constant ( $K_i$ ) at the clumping receptor

\*WR No. requested

is 60 nmol/1 compared to 20 nmol/1 for chloroquine and 410 nmol/1 for quinine. The slope (n) is 1.7 compared to 2.3 for quinine and 1.0 for mefloquine.

 $\frac{\text{WR }228258}{\text{competitively inhibited by quinine.}}$  induces pigment clumping which is competitively inhibited by quinine.  $k_{\underline{i}}$  at the clumping receptor is 372 nmol/l.

WR 225448 neither induces nor inhibits clumping.

(ii) P. falciparum in vitro microtest using Desjardin et al technique of  ${\rm H}^3$  hypoxanthine incorporation.

WR 194965 
$$IC_{50} = \langle 1.95 \text{ nmol/l} \rangle$$
WR 228258  $IC_{50} = \sim 1.95 \text{ nmol/l} \rangle$ 
WR 225448  $IC_{50} = 252 \text{ nmol/l} \rangle$ 
Preliminary results

# (iii) Utrastructural changes

The following is a summary of the main ultrastructural changes in P. berghei blood stages in vivo following administration of 10 mg/kg x l sc.

WR 194965 one of the first effects (apparent by 3 hours) is swelling of the digestive vacuoles, and this is followed by the release of some pigment into the cytoplasm. Some mitochondrial swelling occurs..

WR 228258 Although there is some clumping of pigment at high doses, this is not a major feature of the changes in vivo. Digestive vacuoles swell, nuclear blebbing is apparent at 30 minutes and there is general membrane damage.

WR 225448 After 1 to 3 hours, mitochondrial proliferation is found.

## (iv) Comments

WR 194965 The activity in the clumping test indicates reaction with the digestive vacuoles (possibly via haemin interactions) and this is confirmed by the electron microscopy results. The k<sub>i</sub> for clumping inhibition and the IC<sub>50</sub> for P. falciparum differ by a factor of 40 which could be accounted for by the short term nature of the CIPC as compared with the prolonged HIT. Also interspecific differences may be involved.

WR 228258 The major observation here is the difference between clumping test results and the results of the P. falciparum study together with the in vivo P.berghei study. The clumping  $k_m$  and the incorporation  $IC_{50}$  differ by a factor of 186. In addition the studies in vivo showed that clumping was not produced at therapeutic concentrations and that nuclear changes were evident early in the time course.

This indicates that the therapeutic action of the drug depends on a different mode of action from that of chloroquine. The difference between short term P.berghei and long term P.falciparum results in vitro

together with these discrepant in vivo results, suggest that an active metabolite, possibly with antinuclear activity, may be involved.

WR 225448 The inactivity in the clumping system and the development of swollen mitochondria followed by mitochondrial proliferation, point to a typical 8-adino-quinoline-like activity. The activity in the long term in vitro test on P.falciparum, although lower (IC<sub>50</sub> of 252 nmol/1) than that of WR 194965 and 228258, indicates that some production of the active metabolite may be occurring in vitro.

In conclusion, WR 194965 and 228258 appear to have novel modes of action. The apparent anti-nuclear activity of WR 228258 suggests that special attention should be given to its effects on the bone marrow and other actively dividing cells when animal tcxity studies are carried out.

WR 225448 has primaquinelike effects and may be expected to have some lytic effects on G6PD deficient erythrocytes. The three drugs may be expected to have activity against chloroquine - resistant malarias.

Electron micrographs illustrating some of the effects of these compounds appear as Plates 1, 2 and 3.

## (v) Ultrastructural effects on EE schizonts

Preliminary electron microscope studies on the effects of primaquine and WR 225448 in P.y.nigeriensis sporozoite infected rats have yielded the following results.

- Primaquine causes thickening and presumably malfunction of mitochondria.
- WR 225448 produces a primaquine-like effect on mitochondria.
- 3. WR 225448 also appears to prevent transport of "enzyme-containing lysosomes" from the periphery of the schizont into the host cell.
- 4. WR 225448 may exert a toxic effect on the hepatocytes themselves.

Some of the effects of a single sc dose of 50 mg/kg of primaquine and 1.0 mg/kg of WR 225448 on the exoery-throcytic schizonts of P.y.nigeriensis are shown in Plates 4 and 5.

#### 3.8 Development of new techniques

The technique for producing high levels of EE schizonts of P.y.nigeriensis developed by Dr. Irene Landau in Paris has been examined and appears to be a very suitable basis for the development of a test for true causal prophylactic activity

and also for anti-sporozoite effects of compounds. The commissioning of the new Winches Farm insectaries will allow us to examine this subject in detail and produce a test suitable for routine screening.

A recent visit to the school in London by Dr. Michael Hollingdale drew our attention to the <u>in vitro</u> foetal lung system for the cultivation of rodent malaria. This would appear to hold possibilities for the study of effects of compounds ones stages <u>in vitro</u> and it is planned to investigate this in more detail.

Preliminary studies on the use of the Dukesmini-feeder have been carried out and we have succeeded in transmitting P.y.nigeriensis to Anopheles stephensi with this equipment. Further studies, including the use of gametocyte producing lines of P.falciparum in culture, are planned.

It is felt that the development of a model for the investigation of the hypnozoite stage, responsible for relapse in P. cynomolgi and, probably also, P. vivax and P. ovale is of great importance and to this end, we intend to examine a number of parasites for suitability.

#### 4.0 PAPERS PUBLISHED

## 4.1 Already published

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- Warhurst, D.C. and Gould, S., The activity of chloroquine and related blood schizontocides and of some analogues in drug-induced pigment clumping (1982) Ann.trop.Med. Parasit.

#### 5. APPENDICES

- 5.1 Summary of causal prophylactic test data (Table 1)
- 5.2 Individual causal prophylactic test reports (Tables 2-9)
- 5.3 Summary of blood schizontocidal (4 day test) data (Table 10)
- 5.4 Individual blood schizontocidal (4 day test) reports (Fables 11-24)
- 5.5. Summary of residual activity tests (Tables 25, 26)
- 5.6 Effects of WR 225448 in rat test for EE activity (Table 27)
- 5.7 Comparison of development of resistance to mefloquine (alone and administered with Fansidar) in P.berghei (Fig la, lb)
- 5.8 Electron micrographs showing effects of WR 194965, 228258 and 225448 against blood stages of P.berghei (Plates 1-3)
- 5.9 Electron micrographs showing effects of primaquine and WR 225448 against EE stages of P.y.nigeriensis (Plates 4,5)

SUMMARY OF CAUSAL PROPHYLACTIC TEST DATA

	22	ON VI.T	Minimum			
			Fully active dose (mg/kg x 1)	Residual action at active dose	COMMENT	Type of Compound
BG 94916	231530AA	1533	30-60 s.c.		Preliminary data	8-aminoquinoline
BG 94916	231530AA	1533	30-60 p.o.		Preliminary data	=
вн 57098	237222AA	1613	> 30 s.c.	Nil at 30	Active at 30 s.c.	=
вн 57098	237222AA	1613	1	-	Inactive at 30 p.o.	Ξ
вн о5361	232584AA	1541	10-30 s.c.	Nil at 30	Fully active at 30 s.c.	Ξ
вн 05361	232584AA	1541	> 30 p.o.	Nil at 30	Active at 30 p.o.	=
BE 66994	218573AA	1543	ļ	ı	Inactive at 30 s.c.	=
BE 66994	218573AA	1543	•	ı	Inactive at 30 p.o.	ŧ
BB 49961	7295AD	1556	ì	1	Inactive at 30 s.c.	Hydroxyquinoline
вв 49961	7295AD	1556	ſ	-	Inactive at 30 p.o.	=
BG 62110	181613AB	1557	•	_	Inactive at 30 s.c.	Quinoline Methasol
BG 62110	181613AB	1557	ı	1	Inactive at 30 p.o.	=
BG 94925	225449AB	1534	10-30 s.c.	Marked at 30	Fully active at 30 s.c	Mannich base
BG 94925	225449AB	1534	> 30 p.o.	Marked at 30	Active at 30 p.o all activity residual	u
вн 01069	232143AA	1542	3-10 s.c.	Nil at 10	Fully active at 10 s.c.	Naphthalene
вн отое9	232143AA	1542	> 30 p.o.	Present at 30	Active at 30 p.o Some residual activity	=

FULLY ACTIVE COMMENT PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR: PROFESSOR W. PETERS ACTIVE TIME AFTER INFECTION: 2 Hrs. BOTTLE NO. BG94916 Prophylactic Activity STRAIN: NIG Residual Activity PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES: P. y. nigeriensis (a = 2) ACTIVITY VALUES (b - a)(e - a) - (b - a)(c - a) ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION: (h - f)MINIMUM FULLY ACTIVE DOSE.....mg/kg ¥ 3.67 د/ د/و GMP 28P Q  $c^{x}$  /  $T^{x}$  |  $f_{/h}$ ₹8.91 5.55 > 14 DRUG: 8-aminoquinoling\_IV/ 1533 30-60 TFW MICE PREPARATION: Tween 80/H,0 5/5 PATENCY RATE ž VERTEBRATE HOST: RESIDUAL ACTIVITY 00 / Td 5/2 12/3 (0) 3 % % 90.0 mg/kg DOSE Ø

DATE:

231530AA

CAUSAL PROPHYLAXIS TEST NO: BR 741

FULLY ACTIVE COMMENT TIME AFTER INFECTION: 2 Hrs. ACTIVE Prophylactic Activity STRAIN: NIG Residual Activity PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES: P. y. nigeriensis (a = 2) ACTIVITY VALUES  $\frac{(b-a)(e-a)}{(c-a)}$ ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION: WR 231530AA (h - f)3.67 c/e Ω GMP 2%P 10.39  $c^{x}$  /  $r^{x}$  |  $f_{h}$  | 5.55 DRUG: 8-aminoquinoline LIV/ 1533 7 14 TFW MICE PREPARATION: Tween 80/H,0 5/2 PATENCY RATE × VERTEBRATE HOST: ا دہ / ط 5/5 [2/3 10/<sub>3</sub> 30.0 9 9 mg/kg DOSE

BG94916

BOTTLE NO.

DATE:

BR 741

CAUSAL PROPHYLAXIS TEST NO:

MINIMUM FULLY ACTIVE DOSE.....mg/kg

RESIDUAL ACTIVITY

DRUG:8-aminoquinoline LIV/ 1613

PREPARATION: Tween 80/H20

80/H<sub>2</sub>0

WR 237222AA

ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION:

DATE:

BOTTLE NO. BH 57098

TIME AFTER INFECTION: 2 Hrs.

VERTEBRATE HOST: TFW MICE

PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES: P. y. nigeriensis

STRAIN: NIS

ma/ka				QXC	GWC GWC		משווזעע איידעדיייה (2 = כ)	U		
_		21121					'a - 7) WITTINET	0		
	0. To	×	Co /Tc XC CX / TX f/h	f/h	Q	c/e	$(h - f) \frac{(b - a)(e - a)}{(c - a)} - (b - a)$	Residual	Prophylactic Activity	COMMENT
8/ <sub>5</sub>		3/3	5/2	5.55 3.65	3.65	3.67				
1.0 3/3	3			5.34					NIL	INACTIVE
3.0 3/3	3			5.74					NIL	INACTIVE
10.0	_m		3/3	5.02		3.73		NIL	NIL	INACTIVE
						·				

MINIMUM FULLY ACTIVE DOSE.....mg/kg

RESIDUAL ACTIVITY NIL AT 10 mg/kg x 1 s.c.

TIME AFTER INFECTION: 2 Hrs. BOTTLE NO. BH 57098 STRAIN: NIG DATE: PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES: P. y. nigeriensis SC ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION: WR 237222 AA CAUSAL PROPHYLAXIS TEST NO: BR 746 DRUG: 8-aminoquinoline LIV/ 1613 TFW MICE PREPARATION: Tween 80/H20 VERTEBRATE HOST:

DOSE	PATE	PATENCY RATE	TE	GMP	GMP 2%P		(a = 2) ACTIVITY VALUES			
mg/kg	co /rd xc	×	c* / Tx f/h	f/h	Д	a/ <sub>0</sub>	$(h - f) \frac{(b - a)(e - a)}{(c - a)} - (b - a)$	Residual Activity	Prophylactic Activity	COMMENT
8	5/2	5/5 3/3	3/3	4.89	4.89 4.59	4.22				
30.0	2/3		2/2	38.76		4.12		NIL	>3.87	ACTIVE
				_						

MINIMUM FULLY ACTIVE DOSE.....30.....mg/kg

NIL AT 30 mg/kg x l s.c.

RESIDUAL ACTIVITY

TIME AFTER INFECTION: BOTTLE NO. BH 57098 STRAIN: NIS DATE: PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES: P. y. nigeriensis od ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION: 237222 AA æ CAUSAL PROPHYLAXIS TEST NO: BR 741 DRUG: 8-aminoquinolineLIV/ 1613 TFW MICE PREPARATION: Tween  $80/\mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{O}$ VERTEBRATE HOST:

DOSE	PATE	PATENCY RATE	TE	GMB	GMP 2%P		(a = 2) ACTIVITY VALUES			
ng/kg	co / <sub>T</sub> d xc	×	C <sup>x</sup> / <sub>T</sub> x <sup>f</sup> / <sub>h</sub>	$^{\rm f/_h}$	q	9/2	$(h-f) \frac{(b-a)(e-a)}{(c-a)} - (b-a)$	Residual	Prophylactic Activity	COMMENT
19.	5/5	3/3	5/5	5.55	5.55 3.65	3.67				
3.0	3/3			5.38					NIL	INACTIVE
10.0	3/3			5.53					NIL	INACTIVE
30.0	3/3		3/3	5.54		3.74		NIL	NIL	INACTIVE
								<u> </u>		

MINIMUM FULLY ACTIVE DOSE.....mg/kg

RESIDUAL ACTIVITY NIL AT 30 mg/kg x l p.o.

DRUG: 8-aminoquinoline LIV/1541

PREPARATION: Tween 80/H<sub>2</sub>0

TFW MICE

VERTEBRATE HOST:

WR 232584 AA

ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION:

S

вн 05361 BOTTLE NO.

DATE:

TIME AFTER INFECTION: 2Hrs.

PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES: P. y. nigeriensis

STRAIN: NIS

DOSE	PATE	PATENCY RATE	31	GMP	GMP 2%P		(a = 2) ACTIVITY VALUES	SS		
пд/кд	co / <sub>T</sub> d xc	×	C* / T* E/h	£/h	Q	e/5	$(h - f) \frac{(b - a)(e - a)}{(c - a)} - (b - a)$	Residual Activity	Prophylactic Activity	COMMENT
9	5/2	3/3	5/2	5.57	5.57 4.45	4.50				
3.0	3/3			6.17					NIL	
10.0	1/3			21.27	_				<b>5</b> 5.70	ACTIVE
30.0	0/3		3/3	714		4.82		NIL	> 8.43	FULLY ACTIVE

MINIMUM FULLY ACTIVE DOSE...10-30.....mg/kg

RESIDUAL ACTIVITY NIL AT 30 mg/kg x 1 s.c.

BR 720

DRUG: 8-aminoquinoline LIV/ 1541

WR 232584 AA

BOTTLE NO. BH 05361

DATE:

PREPARATION: Tween 80/H20

ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION:

TIME AFTER INFECTION: 2 Hrs.

VERTEBRATE HOST:

: TFW MICE

PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES: P. y. nigeriensis

STRAIN: NIS

DOSE	PATE	PATENCY RATE	37	GAR	GMP 2&P		(a = 2) ACTIVITY VALUES	S		
mg/kg	o <sup>⊥</sup> / თ	×	$c^{o}/_{T^{d}} \propto c^{-}/_{T^{x}} \epsilon/_{h}$	£/h	Д	e/5	$(h-f)$ $\frac{(b-a)(e-a)}{(c-a)}$ - $(b-a)$	Residual Activity	Prophylactic Activity	COMMENT
10.	5/5 3/3	3/3	5/5	5.57	5.57 4.45	4.50				
3.0	3/3			5.80					NIL	INACTIVE
10.0	3/3			5.95					NIL	INACTIVE
30.0	2/3		3/3	8.53		4.39		NIL	>2.96	ACTIVE

MINIMUM FULLY ACTIVE DOSE......mg/kg

RESIDUAL ACTIVITY NIL AT 30 mg/kg x 1 p.o.

DRUG: 8-aminoquinoline LIV/ 1543

PREPARATION: Tween 80/H20

WR 218573AA

ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION:

BOTTLE NO. BE66994

DATE:

TIME AFTER INFECTION:

TFW MICE VERTEBRATE HOST:

PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES: P. y. nigeriensis

STRAIN: NIS

DOSE	PATE	PATENCY RATE	TE	GMP	GMP 28P		(a = 2) ACTIVITY VALUES	Ş		
mg/kg	co / <sub>T</sub> d xc	×	CX / TX	f/h	Q	e/o	$(h - f) \frac{(b - a)(e - a)}{(c - a)} - (b - a)$	Residual Activity	Prophylactic Activity	COMMENT
19.	5/5	3/3	5/5	4.94	4.94 3.80	3.92				
3.0	3/3			5.03					NIL	INACTIVE
10.0	3/3			5.17					NIL	INACTIVE
30.0	3/3		3/3	5.28		3.87		NIL	NIL	INACTIVE

MINIMUM FULLY ACTIVE DOSE......mg/kg

RESIDUAL ACTIVITY

NIL AT 30 mg/kg x l s.c.

BR 728

WR 218573AA DRUG: 8-aminoquinoline LIV/ 1543

BOTTLE NO. BE66994

DATE:

PREPARATION: Tween 80/H20

8

TIME AFTER INFECTION:

VERTEBRATE HOST:

TFW MICE

ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION:

STRAIN: NIS

PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES: P. y. nigeriensis

DOSE	PATE	PATENCY RATE	TE	GMP	GMP 2&P			(a = 2) ACTIVITY VALUES	S		
mg/kg	o <sup>L</sup> / oɔ	xc	co /rd xc cx / rx f/h	f/h	q	e/5	q) (j - u)	$-f) \frac{(b-a)(e-a)}{(c-a)} - (b-a)$	Residual Activity	Prophylactic Activity	COMMENT
8	2/2	3/3	2/ <sub>5</sub>	4.94	4.94 3.80	3.92					
3.0	3/3			5.18						NIL	INACTIVE
	3/3			5.25						NIT	INACTIVE
30.0	3/3		3/3	6.19		3.86			NIL	NIT	INACTIVE
					<del>  </del>						

MINIMUM FULLY ACTIVE DOSE.....mg/kg

NIL AT 30 mg/kg x 1 p.o. RESIDUAL ACTIVITY

2 Hrs-COMMENT INACTIVE INACTIVE INACTIVE TIME AFTER INFECTION: BB49961 Prophylactic Activity STRAIN: NIS NIL NIL NIL BOTTLE NO. Residual Activity NIL PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES: P. y. nigeriensis (a = 2) ACTIVITY VALUES  $\frac{(b-a)(e-a)}{(c-a)}$  -  $\frac{(b-a)}{(c-a)}$ သွင ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION: - £) WR 7295AD £ 3.82 c/e 5.27 4.00 GMP 2%P Ω ( f/n ) DRUG: Hydroxyquinoline LIV/ 1556 5.13 5.96 5.13 TFW MICE ΤX PREPARATION: Tween 80/H20 / x2 5/5 PATENCY RATE X VERTEBRATE HOST: (3/3 ا ص / <sub>T</sub>م 5/2 3/3 3/3 3/3 3.0 10.0 30.0 Ø mg/kg DOSE

DATE:

BR 742

CAUSAL PROPHYLAXIS TEST NO:

MINIMUM FULLY ACTIVE DOSE.....mg/kg

RESIDUAL ACTIVITY NIL AT 30 mg/kg x 1 s.c.

DRUG: HydroxyquinolineLIV/ 1556

PREPARATION: Tween 80/H<sub>2</sub>0

WR 7295AD

8

BOTTLE NO. BB49961

DATE:

ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION:

TIME AFTER INFECTION: 2 Hrs.

TFW MICE VERTEBRATE HOST:

PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES: P. y. nigeriensis

STRAIN: NIG

DOSE	PATE	PATENCY RATE	TE	0	GMP 2%P		(a = 2) ACTIVITY VALUES	ES		
mg/kg	co /To xc	×	c <sup>x</sup> / <sub>T</sub> x <sup>f</sup> / <sub>h</sub>	× £/	q	e/5	$(h-f)$ $\frac{(b-a)(e-a)}{(c-a)}$ - $(b-a)$	Residual Activity	Prophylactic Activity	COMMENT
8	5/5	3/3	5/5	5.2	27 4.00	5.27 4.00 3.82				
3.0	3.0 3/3			4.73	7.3				NIL	INACTIVE
10.0	3/3			4.92	32				NIL	INACTIVE
30.0 3/3	3/3		3/3	5.49	61	3.60		NIL	NIL	INACTIVE

MINIMUM FULLY ACTIVE DOSE.....mg/kg

RESIDUAL ACTIVITY NIL AT 30 mg/kg x 1 P.O.

P. y. nigeriensis SC ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION: PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES: WR 181613 AB BR 742 LIV/ 1557 TFW MICE CAUSAL PROPHYLAXIS TEST NO: PREPARATION: Tween  $80/\mathrm{H}_2^\mathrm{O}$ VERTEBRATE HOST: DRUG: Quinoline Methanol

DATE:

BOTTLE NO. BG62110

TIME AFTER INFECTION: 2 Hrs.

STRAIN: NIG

XOSE	PATE	PATENCY RATE	TE	GMP	GMP 28P		(a = 2) ACTIVITY VALUES	)ES		
	رم / <sub>T</sub> م	XC	$c^{o}/_{T^{d}}$ xc $c^{x}/_{T^{x}}$ $f/_{h}$ b	f/h	q	a/5	$(h - f) \frac{(b - a)(e - a)}{(c - a)} - (b - a)$	Residual Activity	Prophylactic Activity	COMMENT
	5/5	5/5 3/3	5/2	5.27	5.27 4.00 3.82					
3.0	3/3			5.66					NIL	INACTIVE
10.0	3/3			5.01					NIL	INACTIVE
30.0	3/3		3/3	5.95		3.95		NIL	NIL	INACTIVE

MINIMUM FULLY ACTIVE DOSE......mg/kg

RESIDUAL ACTIVITY NIL AT 30 mg/kg x 1 s.c.

DRUG: Quinoline Methanol

LIV/ 1557

WR 181613 AB

BOTTLE NO. BG 62110

DATE:

PREPARATION: Tween 80/H<sub>2</sub>0

ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION:

ል

TIME AFTER INFECTION:

VERTEBRATE HOST:

T: TFW MICE

PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES: P. y. nigeriensis

STRAIN: NIG

DOSE	PATE	PATENCY RATE	TE	GMP	GMP 2&P		(a = 2) ACTIVITY VALUES	VITY VALUES	3		
mg/kg	Co /To xc	×	C <sup>x</sup> / T <sup>x</sup> <sup>f</sup> / <sub>h</sub> <sub>b</sub>	f/h	Q	e/5	$(h-f) \frac{(b-a)(e-a)}{(c-a)} - (b-a)$	(b - a)	Residual Activity	Prophylactic Activity	COMMENT
150	5/5	3/3	5/2	5.27	5.27 4.00 3.82	3.82					
3.0	3/3			4.90						NIL	INACTIVE
10.0	3/3			4.59						TIN	INACTIVE
30.0	3/3			5.04		3.70			NIL	NIL	INACTIVE

MINIMUM FULLY ACTIVE DOSE......mg/kg

RESIDUAL ACTIVITY NIL AT 30 mg/kg x l p.o.

				•							
DRUG	DRUG: Mannich Base	ch Bas		LIV/ 1534		WR	225449 AB		BOTTLE NO.	E NO. BG 94925	
Prep	PREPARATION:		Tween $80/\mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{O}$	_		ROI	ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION:	S	TIME	TIME AFTER INFECTION: 2 Hrs	V: 2 Hrs
VERT	VERTEBRATE HOST:	OST:	TFW MICE	9		PA	PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES:	P. y. nigeriensis	is STRAIN:	N: NIG	
							- ] -	SELLECT VALUE OF SELECT			
ag/kg	Co /To	Track XC	C <sup>x</sup> / T <sup>x</sup>	t the	a	c/e	(h - f) (b - a) (e - a) (c - a)	a) (e - a) - (b - a) (c - a)	Residual Activity	Prophylactic Activity	COMMENT
8	5/5	3/3	5/5	5.55	3.65	3.67					
0.	I			5.24							
ł	3/3		3/3	5.09		5.26	-0.46- [1.65 x 3.26	1.65	1.58	NIL	INACTIVE
i	0/3		2/3	>14		12.10	>8.45 (1.65 x 10.10	- 1.65]	8.34	NIL	FULLY ACTIVE-ALL ACTIVITY RESIDUAL
ł											
MINIMUM	MINIMUM FULLY ACTIVE DOSE	CTIVE	:	10-30			mg/kg				ТАВІ
RESIDUA	RESIDUAL ACTIVITY		MARKED AT 30 mg/kg x l	30 111	3/kg x	1 s.c.		PRINCIPA	PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:	R: PROFESSOR W. PETERS	

DATE:

CAUSAL PROPHYLAXIS TEST NO: BR 741

TIME AFTER INFECTION: BOTTLE NO. BG94925 STRAIN: NIG DATE: PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES: P. y. nigeriensis ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION: WR 225449 AB CAUSAL PROPHYLAXIS TEST NO: BR 741 LIV/ 1534 TFW MICE PREPARATION: Tween 80/H20 DRUG: Mannich Base VERTEBRATE HOST:

DOSE	PATE	PATENCY RATE	TE	GMP	GMP 2&P		(a = 2) ACTIVITY VALUES			
тд/кд	co / <sub>T</sub> d	×	$c^{o}$ / $_{T^{d}}$ xc $c^{x}$ / $_{T^{x}}$ $^{f}$ / $_{h}$ $_{b}$	f/h	q	e/5	$(h - f) \frac{(b - a)(e - a)}{(c - a)} - (b - a)$	Residual Activity	Prophylactic Activity	COMMENT
Ø	5/2	3/3	5/2	5.55	5.55 3.65	3.67				
10.0	3/3		3/3	6.42		3.79	0.87 -	NIL	0.87	INACTIVE
30.0	3/3		3/3	10.75		8.82	$5.20 - \frac{1.65 \times 6.82}{1.67} - 1.65$	5.09	0.11	RESIDUAL ACTIVITY
										ONLY
			-							

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR: PROFESSOR W. PETERS

MINIMUM FULLY ACTIVE DOSE.....mg/kg

MARKED AT 30 mg/kg x l p.o.

RESIDUAL ACTIVITY

2 Hrs. вн 01069 TIME AFTER INFECTION: STRAIN: NIS BOTTLE NO. DATE: PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES: P. y. nigeriensis ပ္သ ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION: WR 232143AA CAUSAL PROPHYLAXIS TEST NO: BR 728 LIV/ 1542 TFW MICE PREPARATION: Tween 80/H20 DRUG:Naphthalene VERTEBRATE HOST:

DOSE	PATEN	PATENCY RATE	TE	GMP	GMP 2%P		(a = 2) ACTIVITY VALUES	S		
	co / <sub>T</sub> o	×	c* / T* f/h	f/h	q	c/e	$(h - f) \frac{(b - a)(e - a)}{(c - a)} - (b - a)$	Residual Activity	Prophylactic Activity	COMMENT
19.	5/5		5/5	4.94	4.94 3.80 3.92	3.92				
3.0	2/3			<b>58.</b> 01		3.86		NIL	>3.07	SLIGHTLY ACTIVE
10.0	0/3			>14		4.65		NIL	90.6≮	FULLY ACTIVE
30.0	0/3			>14		8.76	$> 9.06 - \left[\frac{1.80 \times 56.76}{1.90} - 1.80\right]$	>4.54	>7.36	FULLY ACTIVE-SOME RESIDUAL ACTIVITY
			_							
						,.				
									***************************************	

MINIMUM FULLY ACTIVE DOSE......3:10.....mg/kg

RESIDUAL ACTIVITY NIL AT 10 mg/kg x 1 s.c. PRESENT AT 30 mg/kg x 1 p.o.

TIME AFTER INFECTION: 2 Hrs. BOTTLE NO. BH 01069 STRAIN: NIS DATE: PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES: P. y. nigeriensis ø ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION: WR 232143AA CAUSAL PROPHYLAXIS TEST NO: BR 728 LIV/ 1542 VERTEBRATE HOST: TFW MICE PREPARATION: Tween 80/H<sub>2</sub>0 DRUG: Naphthalene

DOSE	PATE	PATENCY RATE	TE	GMP	GMP 2%P		(a = 2) ACTIVITY VALUES	S		
mg/kg	co / <sub>T</sub>	co /rc xc	с <sup>х</sup> / <sub>т</sub> х	f/h	Q	e/5	$(h - f) \frac{(b - a)(e - a)}{(c - a)} - (b - a)$	Residual Activity	Prophylactic Activity	COMMENT
Ø	5/5	3/3	5/5	4.94	4.94 3.80	3.92				
3.0	3/3			5.38		3.83		NIL	NIL	
10-0	2/3			80.8		3.96		NIL	>3.14	SLIGHTLY ACTIVE
30.0	1/3		3/3 >	11.00		7.65	>6.06 - [1.80 x 5.65 - 1.80]	3,50	> 2.56	ACTIVE SOME, RESIDE
							2647			

MINIMUM FULLY ACTIVE DOSE.....mg/kg

PRESENT AT 30 mg/kg x 1 p.o.

RESIDUAL ACTIVITY

SUMMARY OF BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDAL (4 DAY TEST) DATA

				2	SN		RC RC		Δ.		m		PYR		ORA		N/1100	0
LIV	Suppliers										\						.	
, ON	No.	Route	ЕD 50	ED 90	ED 90	1 8	8D 90	1 90	06 03	1 90	ED 90	1 90	60 90	1 90	ED 90	1 90	ED 90	1 90
1541	WR 232584	S S	0.3	0.5	1.9	3.8	0.4	8.0	2.1	4.2								
	TOCCC: BG	od	0.4	9.0	3.2	5.3	6.0	1.5	2.6	4.3								
1391	WR 226296	sc	0.5	1.2	1.9	1.6	9.0	0.5	26.0	21.7								
<del></del>	bG 44452	8,	0.3	. 0.5	2.9	5.8	0.7	1.4	7.8	15.6								
LON No.																		
1 707	194965ac	sc	2.2	3.8	4.2	1.1	OTM <	ı										
	BG 56327									-								
9021	WR 228258AH	SC	4.0	10.0													26.0	2.6
	50, 30,003	οd	1.2	2.4													18.0	7.9
	WR 225448AG	Js	0.2	0.3	8.0	2.7	0.4	1.3	1.2	4.0							0.4	1.3
1709	вн 58522		0.1	0.2	9.0	3.0	9.0	3.0	1.2	0.9			<del></del>					
<del></del>		•											-					
													-	~				

 $ED_{50}$  /  $ED_{90}$  = mg/kg x 4

MTD = maximum tolerated dose

SUMMARY OF BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDAL (4 DAY TEST) DATA

ron/	Suppliers		Z		SN		RC		A.		æ		PYR	~	ORA		N/1100	
No.	No.	Route	ED 50	06 Q3	ВD 90	1 %	ED 90	1 90	о6 СЭ	1 90	ΕD 90	1 90	БD 90	1 90	ED 90	1 90	ЕD 90	1 90
LIV	WR 182232AC	SC	3.2	7.3					<del></del>									
130	BE 08456	od.	4.2	7.8														
LIV	WR 194343	ဗင	1.5	4.2														
1354	вс 06452	8.	3.9	7.6														
LIV 1381	WR 215295	SC	4.6	11.0														
LON 1722	BE 16378	oď	9*9	11.7														
νIΊ	WR 216100	SC	2.1	9.6														
1382	BE 17491	Oď.	2.6	6.1														
LIV	WR 232143	၁ၭ	16.5	50.0														
1542	вн о1069																	
LIV	Floxacrine	SC	7.0	3.0	0.8	0.3											1.3	0.4
1528					<del></del> -i													
NON		၁၄	3.0	84.0	25.0	0.3											46.0	0.5
1752	BK 02771																	
		,		]			3000											

 $ED_{50}$  /  $ED_{90}$  = mg/kg x 4

MTD = maximum tolerated dose

SUMMARY OF BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDAL (4 DAY TEST) DATA

2	Suppliers			z	NS		R S		А		В		PYR	~	ORA		N/1100	0
0		Route	20 20	ED 90	ED 90	1	ED 90	1 90	ED 90	1 90	ED 90	1 90	ED 90	1 90	ED 90	1 90	ED 90	1 90
NO3		၁ဇ	41.5	>100	>100													70.5
1753	BKO2780																	
LON	WR 158124	sc	13.5	42.0														
1718	BD 22997																	
							i											
	!	i																
	1 x 1/2 = 11 / x 1/	,	ייי איניט	= maximum tolerated dose	im tole	arated.	dose											

 $ED_{50} / ED_{90} = mg/kg \times 4$ 

MTD = maximum tolerated dose

(BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES)

WR 232584

COMPOUND NAME

BH05361

or NUMBER

LIV/1541 PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES. P.b.berghei.....

Route of administration : s.c.

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 100
	0.3	5		-	53.5 ± 5.0
	1.0	5			0
N	3.0	5	1	_	o
14	10.0	5		-	О
	ø	10		42.6	
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	0.3(0.2-0.4)		<del></del>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	0.5(0.4-0.6)				
	Resistance factor 90				
	0.3	5		-	78.7 <sup>+</sup> 2.8
	1.0	5		_	67.1 + 2.4
NS	3.0	5	1	-	2.1 - 1.2
	10.0	5		-	0
į	ø ·	10		48.3	
•					
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	0.8(0.5-1.4)				
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	1.9(1.1-3.2)				
	Resistance factor 3.8				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

DATE ..... PRINCIPAL PROF.W. PETERS

## (BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES)

WR 232584

COMPOUND NAME BH 05361 or NUMBER

LIV/1541 PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES. P.b. berghei.....

Route of administration : s.c.

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 100
	0.3	<u>5</u>		<del>-</del>	17.2 + 11.0
	3.0	5	1	-	О
RC	10.0	5		-	0
	Ø	10		3.5	
	·				
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	0.2(0.1-0.3)				
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	0.4(0.3-0.5)				
	Resistance Factor 90 0.8				
P	0.3	5			67.2 + 4.1
	1.0	55			61.3 + 5.7
	3.0	5	11	-	28.1 - 5.7
	10.0	5			0
	ø	10		23.5	
N.					
ED 50 (range)	1.0(0.4-2.2)				
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	2.1(0.7-4.7)				•
	Resistance factor <sub>90</sub> 4.2	····			

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

WR 232584

(BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES)

COMPOUND NAME or NUMBER

BH 05361

LIV/1541 PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES. P. b. berghei.....

Route of administration: P.O.

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 100
	0.3	5			71.8 + 3.6
	1.0	5		<del></del>	1.9 + 0.9
	3.0	5	1		0
N	10.0	5			0
	ø	10		42.6	
ED (range)	0.4(0.3-0.4)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del>	······································	<del></del>
ED 90 (range)	0.6(0.5-0.8)				
	Resistance factor 90	<u></u>		~	
	0.3	5		<del>-</del>	76.6 + 2.0
	1.0	5		<del>-</del>	75.0 + 4.4
	3.0	5	11	<u>-</u>	46.8 + 7.6
	10.0	5			0
	Ø	10		48.3	
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	1.9(1.1-3.0)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	3.2(1.9-5.1)				
	Resistance factor 90 <sup>5.3</sup>				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

WR 232584

(BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES)

вн о5361

or NUMBER

COMPOUND NAME LIV/1541

P.b.berghei PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES......

Route of administration :

Treated PR% x 100 Daily dose No. of No. of Mean control Strain experiment mg/kg DO - D+3 Mice parasite rate % 51.4 + 16.5 5 0.3 40.0 - 16.5 5 1.0 5 3.0 1 0 RC 5 10.0 0 Ø 10 3.5 ED<sub>50</sub> (range) 0.5(0.2-1.0)ED<sub>90</sub> (range) 0.9(0.5-1.8)Resistance 1.5 factor 90 78.3 <sup>±</sup> 2.5 5 0.3 66.4 + 5.7 5 1.0 51.1 ± 3.3 3.0 5 1 P 10.0 5 0 Ø 23.5 10 ED 50 (range) 1.3(0.5-3.3) ED<sub>90</sub> (range) 2.6(0.9-6.2) Resistance factor 904.3

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

DATE..... 5th January 1982 PRINCIPAL

PROF.W. PETERS

WR 226296

COMPOUND NAME BH 44452

Route of administration : S.C.

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 100
	0.3	5		-	69-0 <sup>+</sup> 2-7 4.2 <sup>+</sup> 1.8
N	3.0	5	1		2.1 + 0.9
		5 10		42.6	0
	·				
ED 50 (range	0.5(0.2-0.6)				
ED <sub>90</sub> (range	1.2(0.6-1.8)				
	Resistance factor 90		<del></del>		<b>,</b>
	0.3	5		~	71.2 + 2.8
NS ·	1.0	5		-	66.3 <sup>+</sup> 3.6
	3.0	5	1	-	15.3 + 5.6
	10.0	5		<u>,</u> -	
	Ø	10		48.3	
ED <sub>50</sub> (range	0.8(0.4-1.7)		· <del></del>		<u> </u>
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	1.9(1.0-4.0)				
	Resistance factor 90				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

WR 226296

(BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES)

COMPOUND NAME BH 44452

or NUMBER

LIV/L391..... PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES. P.b.berghei

Route of administration : SC

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 100
•	0.3	5			91.4 + 27.4
	1.0	5			0
	3.0	5	1	<u>-</u>	0
RC	10.0	5		_	0
	ø	10		3.5	
	·				
ED 50 (range)	0.4(0.3 -0.7)		<del></del>		
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	0.6(0.4-0.9)				
	Resistance factor 90 0.5	···			
	0.3	5			95.3 + 4.9
İ	1.0	5			87.7 + 3.3
	3.0	5	11	<del>-</del>	75.8 - 7.4
	10.0	5		<u>-</u>	32.3 + 6.5
_	ø	10		23.5	
P					
ED 50 (range)	4.6(1.8-10.0)				
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	26 (10-56)				
	Resistance factor 90 21.7		***		

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

BH 44452

WR 226296 (BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES)

COMPOUND NAME LIV/1391

P.b.berghei

or NUMBER

PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES.....

Route of administration : p.o.

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 100
	0.3	5			54.5 + 7.8
	1.0	5		_	0
	3.0	5	1		0
N	10.0	5		<u>-</u>	0
	ø	10		48.3	
	·				
ED (range)	0.3(0.2-0.4)				
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	0.5(0.4-0.6)				
	Resistance 1.0	·			
	0.3	5			73.7 + 2.4
	1.0	5		-	72.1 + 3.2
	3.0	5	1	-	19.5 + 5.2
NS	10.0	5		-	0
	ø	10		48.3	
ED 50 (range)	1.6(1.2-2.2)		<del></del>		
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	2.9(2.2-4.0)				•
	Resistance 5.8 factor 90				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

WR 226296 BH 44452

(BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES)

COMPOUND NAME or NUMBER

LIV/1391 PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES. P. b-berghei.....

Route of administration : p.o.

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 100
	0.3	5		_	34.3 + 11.0
•	1.0	5			11.4 - 5.5
RC	3.0	55	1		
	10.0	5			0
	Ø	<u> </u>		3.5	
	,				
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	0.3(0.2-0.6)		<del></del>		
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	0.7(0.4-1.2)				
	Resistance factor 90	···			
	0.3	5		_	61.3 + 7.4
	1.0	5		~	58.7 + 2.5
	3.0	5	1	-	51.9 + 4.1
P	10.0	5		~	8.5 + 3.3
·	Ø	10		23.5	
s.					
ED 50 (range)	1.4(0.4-3.8)				
<sup>ED</sup> 90 (range)	7.8(2.0-22.0)  Resistance factor 90 15.6				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

WR 194965 AG (BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES)

BG 56327

COMPOUND NAME LON 1707

P.berghei

or NUMBER

PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES......

Route of administration : S.C.

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 100
	1.0	5		-	95.0 - 3.0
	3.0	5 ·		-	39.0 - 6.2
N	10.0	5	1	-	0
	ø	10		53.0	
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	2.2(1.8-2.8)		<del>                                      </del>		
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	3.8(3.1-4.7)				
	Resistance factor 901.0	_			
	1.0	5		_	98.0 - 3.6
	3.0	5		_	40.0 ± 5.6
	10.0	5	1	<u>-</u>	0. 05+ 0.05
NS	30.0	5		-	0
	ø	10		46.0	
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	2.4(1.9-3.0)				
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	4.2(3.2-5.0)				
	Resistance factor 90 1.1	·	· <del>····································</del>		

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

# SUMMARY OF ANTIMALARIAL DRUG TEST

WR 194965

(BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES)

COMPOUND NAME or NUMBER

BG 56327 LON 1707

P.berghei PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES......

Route of administration : S.C.

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 100
	3.0	5		-	98.5 - 4.5
	10.0	5		-	95.0 + 3.2
	30.0	5	1	-	84.0 + 4.3
RC	100.0	5		-	> LD 100
	ø	10		6.2	
	·				
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	> MTD		<del></del>	<del> </del>	
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	≫ MTD				
	Resistance factor <sub>90</sub>				
		•			
<u> </u>					
ED 50 (range)	,				
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)					•
	Resistance factor 90	·····			

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

# SUMMARY OF ANTIMALARIAL DRUG TEST

WR 228258 BJ 30663

(BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES)

COMPOUND NAME LON 1708 or NUMBER

P.berghei
PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES......

Route of administration: S.C.

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 100
	1.0	5		-	95.3 ± 5.9
	3.0	5		-	83.6 - 7.7
	10.0	5	1	_	7.8 + 3.6
N	30.0	5			0.2 - 0.1
	Ø	10		37.6	
	·				
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	4.0(2.6-6.7)				
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	10.0 (7.0-17.0)				
	Resistance 1.0				
	1.0	5		-	85.0 ± 10.0
	3.0	5		-	51.3 + 15.9
	10.0	5	2	-	39.0 <sup>+</sup> 5.2
N/1100	30.0	10		-	33.1 - 5.4
	100.0	5		-	0
	Ø	10		17.7	
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	13.0(7.5-23.0)		+		<u></u>
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	26.0(15.0-44.0)				
	Resistance factor 90 2.6				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

WR 228258AH

(BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES)

BJ 30663

COMPOUND NAME LON 1708

or NUMBER

P.berghei PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES.....

Route of administration :

p.o.

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 100
	1.0	5		_	54.0 - 15.0
	3.0	5		_	15.4 + 11.2
	10.0	5	1	-	0
N	ø	10		37.6	
	·				
ED 50 (range)	1.2(0.9-1.7)				
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	2.4(1.0-3.4)				
	Resistance factor 90				
	1.0	5		-	88.4 - 7.2
	3.0	5		-	56.3 - 6.9
N/1100	10.0	5	2	-	49.1 - 11.4
	30.0	10		-	27.9 <sup>±</sup> 9.0
	100.0	5		_	0
	Ø	10		17.7	
ED_		<del></del>	<u> </u>		
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	9.5(4.4-24.0)				
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	18.0(8.0-40.0)				
	Resistance factor <sub>90</sub> 7.9				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

DATE..... PRINCIPAL

PROF.W. PETERS

WR 22448AG

(BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES)

вн 58522

COMPOUND NAME LON 1709 or NUMBER

P.berghei

PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES.....

Route of administration : s.c.

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 100
	0.1	5		<del>-</del>	87.5 + 5.2
	0.3	5			4.5 - 1.0
	1.0	5	1	-	0
	3.0	5		-	0
N	ø	10		42.5	
	·				
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	0.2(0.1-0.2)			•	
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	0.3(0.2~0.3) Resistance				
	factor 90 1.0				
	0.1	5		<b>-</b>	96.5 - 8.5
	0.3	5		-	87.8 + 4.8
	1.0	5	1	-	5.1 + 2.3
NS	3.0	5		-	0
	Ø	10		57.4	
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	0.4(0.2-0.6)				·
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	0.8(0.3-1.1)				•
	Resistance factor <sub>90</sub> 2.7				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

WR 225448AG

COMPOUND NAME or NUMBER

BH 58522

LON 1709 PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES. P. berghei.

Route of administration : s.c.

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 100
	0.1	5		=	98.1 + 7.5
	0.3	5		<del>_</del>	60.0 + 8.4
	1.0	_5	1		0
RC	3.0	5			0
	ø	10		4.1	
ED 50 (range)	0.3(0.2-0.4)	<u> </u>	<del>-h</del>		·
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	0.4(0.3-0.6)				
	Resistance 1.3	·	<del></del>		
	0.1	5			82.7 + 6.5
	0.3	5			66.4 + 12.0
	1.0	5	1		21.2 + 4.6
	3.0	5		<u> </u>	1.3 + 0.4
P	Ø	10		20.8	
			}		
ED 50 (range)	0.3(0.2-0.7)				
ED 90 (range)	1.2(0.8-2.4)				
	Resistance 4.0 factor 190				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

WR 225448 AG (BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES)

BH 58522

COMPOUND NAME LON 1709

P.berghei

or NUMBER

PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES.....

Route of administration:

s.c.

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 100
	0.1	5			68.0 + 7.7
	0.3	5		-	48.1 +13.1
	1.0	5	1	-	0.1 - 0.1
N/1100	3.0	5		-	0
	Ø	10		23.0	
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	0.2(0.1-0.4)		<del></del>	<u> </u>	<del> </del>
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	0.4(0.2-0.7)				
	Resistance 1.3		<b>p</b>		
	·				
ED 50 (range)					
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)					
	Resistance factor <sub>190</sub>				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

WR 225448 AG (BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES)

COMPOUND NAME

вн 58522

or NUMBER

LON 1709 PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES. P. berghei.....

Route of administration : P.O.

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 1Co
	01	5		7	65.5 + 19.2
	0.3	5		-	2.9 - 0.8
	1.0	5	1	~	0.01 + 0.01
N	3.0	5		_	0
	Ø	10		42.5	
	·				
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	0.1(0.1-0.2)				
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	0.2(0.2-0.3)				
	Resistance factors I 90 1.0				
	0.1	5		<u>-</u>	89 .9 + 4.2
	0.3	5		-	69.0 + 4.7
	1.0	5	1	-	1.1 - 0.4
,	3.0	5		-	0
NS	Ø	10		57.4	
		•			
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	0.3(0.2-0.4)				
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	0.6(0.4-1.0)				•
	Resistance 3.0 factor I 90				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

WR 225448AG

(BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES)

COMPOUND NAME

вн 58522

LON 1709 or NUMBER

LON 1709 P.berghei PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES.....

Route of administration: P.O.

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 100
	0.1	5		-	96.6 + 8.0
•	0.3	5		-	60.0 - 10.8
	1.0	5	1	-	0.7 - 0.5
RC	3.0	5		~	0
ı	Ø	10		4.1	
!					
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	0.3(0.2-0.4)			<del></del>	
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	0.6(0.4-0.8)	1			
	Resistance 3.0 factor 190				
!	0.1	5			79.8 + 10.0
,	0.3	5		-	51.9 - 11.1
1	1.0	5	1	-	22.1 + 2.8
ļ	3.0	5			1.0 - 0.4
P	ø	10		20.8	
!					
	0.3(0.2-0.5)		<u></u>		L
ED 90 (range)	1.2(0.6-1.9)	1			
	Resistance factor 190 6.0				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

5.

(BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES) WR 182232 AC

COMPOUND NAME

BE 08456

or NUMBER

LIV/1307 PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES. P.berghei

Route of administration :sc

FORMULATION:

Tween 80/H<sub>2</sub>0

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 100
	3.0	5		_	59.8 + 17.5
	10.0	5			1.1 + 0.4
N	30.0	5	1	-	0.08 + 0.04
	100.0	5			0
	ø	10		26.4	
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	3.2(1.8-6.0)		<del></del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	7.3(4.3-14.5)				
	Resistance factor I90				
	ŕ				
					•
	<u>1</u>				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

DATE .... PRINCIPAL

PROF.W. PETERS

WR 182232 AC (BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES)

BE 08456

COMPOUND NAME LIV/1307

or NUMBER PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES.....

P.berghei

FORMULATION\_ Tween  $80/\mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{O}$  Route of administration : po

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 100
	3.0	5		_	50.9 + 5.2
	10.0	5			8.0 - 3.5
N	30.0	5	1	-	0
N	100.0	5		-	0
	Ø	10		17.4	
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	4.2(3.1-5.4)		L		
ED 90 (range)	7.8(5.8-10.2)				
	Resistance factor 190		<del> </del>		
		·			
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)			<u> </u>		
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)					
	Resistor factor T90				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

WR 194343 (BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES)

BC 06452

COMPOUND NAME LIV/1354 or NUMBER

PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES.....

P.berghei

FORMULATION Tween 80/H<sub>2</sub>O Route of administration :

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 100
	3.0	5			20.5 + 4.7
	10.0	5			0.8 + 0.7
N	30.0	5	1	_	0
	100.0	5			0
	ø	10		26.4	
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	1.5(1.1-2.4)	<del></del>		<del> </del>	
ED 90 (range)	4.2(2.3-5.3)				
	Resistance factor 190				
<u></u>					
ED 50 (range)					
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)					
	Resistor factor				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

# SUMMARY OF ANTIMALARIAL DRUG TEST

WR 194343

(BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES)

COMPOUND NAME or NUMBER

BC 06452

LIV/1354

PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES.....

Route of administration: po

FORMULATION: Tween 80/H<sub>2</sub>0

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 10
	1.0	5		_	83.6 + 4.0
	3.0	5		_	69.9 + 4.2
	10.0	5	1	_	15.5 - 1.8
	30.0	5		_	00
N	Ø	10		17.4	
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	3.9(1.6-6.2)	<del></del>	<del> </del>	<u></u>	
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	7.6(3.2-12.2)				
	Resistance factor I90				
<u></u>					
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)					
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)					
	Resistor factor 190				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

WR 215295

BE 16378

COMPOUND NAME or NUMBER

LIV/1381/LON 1722 PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES..... P. perghei.......

Route of administration : SC

FORMULATION Tween  $80/H_2O$ 

	. 2				
Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 10
	3.0	5			69.7 + 2.9
	10.0	5			21.9 <sup>±</sup> 5.1 0.2 <sup>±</sup> 0.1
	30.0	5	1		0.2 + 0.1
N	100.0	5			0
	ø	10		26.4	
ED 50 (range) ED	4.6(3.4-7.2)	100 = <sup>20</sup> I	<sup>D</sup> 40		
ED 90 (range)	11.0(8.0-17.0)				
	Resistance factor 190				
	190				
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)					
ED 90 (range)					
	Resistor factor 190				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

WR 215295

COMPOUND NAME

BE 16378

or NUMBER

LIV/1381/LON 1722 PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES P.berghei ......

Route of administration :  $p_0$ 

FORMULATION: Tween  $80/H_2O$ 

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 10
	3.0	5		_	76.6 + 2.3
	10.0	5		-	31.3 ± 5.7
	30.0	5	1	~	0.2 + 0.2
N	100.0	5		-	0
	Ø	10		17.4	
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	5.6(3.8-8.6)		****	<del></del>	
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	11.7(8.0-18.2)				
	Resistance factor 190		·		
	·				
·					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)					
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)					•
	Resistor factor 190				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

## SUMMARY OF ANTIMALARIAL DRUG TEST

WR 216100

(BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES)

COMPOUND NAME LIV/1382

BE 17491

or NUMBER

PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES....P.berghei......

Route of administration : sc

FORMULATION: Tween 80/H<sub>2</sub>O

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 100
	3.0	5			33 3 <sup>+</sup> 12.4
	10.0	5		-	2.2 + 1.5
	30.0	5	1	~	0
N	100.0	5		~	O
N	ø	10		26.4	
ED (range)	2.1(1.5-3.0)				
ED 90 (range)	5.6(4.2-8.0)				
	Resistance factor 190				
		·			
ED <sub>50</sub> (Range)					
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)					
	Resistor factor 190				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

WR 216100

COMPOUND NAME

BE 17491

or NUMBER

LIV/1382 PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES....P.bergbei.....

Route of administration:

FORMULATION:

Tween 80/H<sub>2</sub>O

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 100
	1.0	5		-	72.8 + 4.7
	3.0	5			57.8 <sup>+</sup> 2.8
	10.0	5	1	-	12.2 + 6.6
N	30.0	5		-	0.01 - 0.01
	Ø	10		17.4	
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	2.6(1.4-5.4)		<del></del>	<del> </del>	
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	6.1(3.4-12.8)				
	Resistance factor 190				
	·		_		
		·			
ED 50 (range)					
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)					•
	Resistor factor 190				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

DATE.15th January 1981 PRINCIPAL

PROF.W. PETERS

WR 232143

COMPOUND NAME or NUMBER

вн 01069

LIV/1542 PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES.....P.berghei.....

Route of administration : sc

FORMULATION:

Tween 80/H<sub>2</sub>0

			<del></del>	<del></del>	
Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 10
	3.0	5		_	88.6 <sup>±</sup> 9.7
	10.0	5		-	84.1 + 6.8
	30.0	5	1	-	43.2 + 13.8
N	100.0	5		-	0.5
	Ø	10		26.4	
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	16.5(6.0-39.0)	100 =	., LD <sub>40</sub>	<del> </del>	
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	50.0(18-120)				
				,	
	·				
·		<del></del>			
ED (range)		•			
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)					
	Resistor factor 190				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

## SUMMARY OF ANTIMALARIAL DRUG TEST

#### (BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES)

COMPOUND NAME

or NUMBER

Floxacrine

PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES.....P.berghei.....

Route of administration : sc

FORMULATION:

Tween 80/H<sub>2</sub>0

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO ~ D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 10
	0.1	5		-	85.8 <sup>+</sup> 6.1
	0.3	5		-	76.2 + 2.1
	1.0	5	1	-	63.5 + 3.7
N	3.0	5		-	6.2 <sup>+</sup> 2.1
	Ø	10		11.0	
	·				
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	0.7(0.2-1.6)		<del></del>		
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	3.0(1.2-7.4)				
	Resistance factor 190 1.0		<del></del>		
	0.1	5			54.9 ± 3.4
	0.3	5		-	42.5 + 11.0
	1.0	5	1	-	12.4 + 8.8
NS	3.0	5		~	1.8 + 0.9
	Ø	10		11.3	
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	0.2(0.1-0.3)			<del></del>	
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	0.8(0.5-1.7)				
	Resistance factor 190 0.3				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

COMPOUND NAME

Floxacrine

P.berghei PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES.....

or NUMBER

Route of administration : sc

FORMULATION:

Tween 80/H<sub>2</sub>0

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 100
-	0.1	5		-	100 + 1.6
	0.3	5		-	52.9 + 8.6
	1.0	5	1	~	19.5 + 5.9
	3.0	5	<u></u>	-	4.9 + 2.3
N/1100	Ø	10		8.5	
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	0.7 (0.2-1.4)	<del></del>	L	<del> </del>	<del></del>
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	1.3(0.5-2.8)				
	Resistance factor 190 0.4				
				·	
		·			
ED 50 (range)					
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)					•
	Resistor factor 190				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

DATE. 5th January 1982 PRINCIPAL

PROF.W. PETERS

COMPOUND NAME

BK 02771

or NUMBER

LON/1752 PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES....P.berghei

Route of administration : sc

FORMULATION: Tween 80/H<sub>2</sub>O

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 100
	0.1	5	_	_	85.5 + 5.6
	0.3	5	_		77.5 <sup>+</sup> 3.0
	1.0	5	1	~	67.3 + 5.4
N	3.0	5	_	-	59.1 - 5.8
	10.0	5	_	_	34.5 <sup>+</sup> 8.0
	ø <sub>.</sub>	10	_	11.0	
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	3.0(0.9- 8.0)		<del>                                     </del>		<del></del>
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	84.0(24 - > 100)	Interpola	ted graphicall	У	
	Resistance factor I90 1.0				
	0.1	5		-	66.4 + 5.2
	0.3	5*		-	62.5 +
	1.0	5	1 -		57.3 + 2.5
	3.0	5		_	50.8 + 4.8
NS	10.0	5		-	17.2 + 3.4
	ø	10		11.3	
ED 50 (range)	1.0(0.2-4.0)	*2/5 died	Il		
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	25.0(5.0-100)				
	Resistor factor 190 0.3				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

DATE. 5th January 1982 PRINCIPAL PROF.W. PETERS

COMPOUND N	BKO2771 AME LON/1752		PARASITE (SU	JB) SPECIESsc	, hei
FORMULATION		oute of admir H <sub>2</sub> O	nistration :	SC	
Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 10
	0.1	5		-	87.1 + 5.4
	0.3	5		-	72.5 + 6.1
	1.0	5	1	-	60.7 + 12.6
	3.0	5		-	47.5 + 4.3
N/1100	10.0	5		-	25.4 <sup>+</sup> 4.3
	ø	10		8.5	
ED 50 (range)	1.8(0.9-4.6)				
90 (range)	46.0(21 - >100)				
	Resistance factor I90 0.5		·		

ED<sub>50</sub> (range)

ED<sub>90</sub> (range)

Resistor factor 190

PROF.W. PETERS

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

# SUMMARY OF ANTIMALARIAL DRUG TEST

## (BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES)

BK 02780

COMPOUND NAME LON/1753

P.berghei

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 10
	0.1	5		<del>-</del>	84.0 + 3.1
	0.3	5		-	76.4 - 1.0
•	1.0	5	1	-	66.4 <sup>+</sup> 3.5
N	3.0	5		-	61.1 + 4.4
	10.0	5		-	55.8 + 5.2
	ø .	10		11.0	
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	41.5(4.4-90)		<u></u>		
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	ا 100 د				
	Resistance factor 190				
	0.1	5			74,2 + 3.9
	0.3	5		-	70.4 + 4.2
	1.0	5	1	-	63.4 + 4.4
ns	3.0	5			53.3 + 2.4
	10.0	5		_	47.6 + 2.4
	Ø	10		11.3	
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	22.0(9.0-60)		<u></u>	<u></u>	
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	> 100				
	Resistor factor 190				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

BK 02780

(BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES)

LON/1753

COMPOUND NAME

or NUMBER

PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES... P.berghei

Route of administration :

FORMULATION:

Tween 80/H<sub>2</sub>0

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 10
	0.1	5		-	98.8 <sup>+</sup> 3.8
	0.3	5		-	83.5 + 6.9
	1.0	5	1	-	65.4 <sup>+</sup> 5.7
N/1100	3.0	5		-	56.2 + 9.9
N/1100	10.0	5		-	51.1 + 9.0
	Ø	10		8.5	
ED 50 (range)	3.5(1.3-16)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	48(18 - 100)				
	Resistance 36.9	·	T		
	·				
ED 50 (range)					
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)					•
	Resistor factor 190				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

DATE ..... January 1982 PRINCIPAL

PROF.W. PETERS

BK 02780

(BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES)

LON/1753

COMPOUND NAME

or NUMBER

PARASITE (SUB) SPECIES... P.berqhei

Route of administration : sc

FORMULATION:

Tween 80/H<sub>2</sub>0

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 10
	0.1	5		-	98.8 <sup>±</sup> 3.8
	0.3	5		-	83.5 + 6.9
	1.0	5	1	-	65.4 <sup>+</sup> 5.7
(2.2.2.2	3.0	5		-	56.2 <sup>±</sup> 9.9
N/1100	10.0	5		-	51.1 + 9.0
	Ø	10		8.5	
ED 50 (range)	3.5(1.3-16)		<del></del>	•	
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)	48(18 - 100)				
	Resistance 36.9		<b>,</b>		
		···			
	·				
ED.					
ED 50 (range)					
ED <sub>90</sub> (range)					•
	Resistor factor 190				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

## SUMMARY OF ANTIMALARIAL DRUG TEST

WR 158124

(BLOOD SCHIZONTOCIDES)

BD 22997

COMPOUND NAME or NUMBER

LON/1718

Route of administration : sc

FORMULATION: Tween 80/H20

Strain	Daily dose mg/kg DO - D+3	No. of Mice	No. of experiment	Mean control parasite rate %	Treated PR% x 100
	3.0	5		-	90.9 <sup>±</sup> 9.0
	10.0	5		~	78.0 + 11.9
	30.0	5	1	-	18.2 + 6.5
N	100.0	5		-	1.4 - 0.7
N	Ø	10		26.4	
ED <sub>50</sub> (range)	13.5(7.0-34)		<del></del>		
ED 90 (range)	42.0(22 - 110)				
	Resistance factor 190				
		; ;			
ED					
ED 50 (range)					
ED 90 (range)					
	Resistor factor 190				

LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE & TROPICAL MEDICINE

DATE..... 5th January 198 2 PRINCIPAL PROF.W. PETERS

Dose = 30 mg/kg s.c. x l

## RESIDUAL ACTIVITY AT D+

LON	BN	WR No.	MFED	2	7	14	Type of Compound
1707	BG56327	194965 AG		<u>+</u>			Mannich base
1708	BJ 30663	228258 AH		_			Mannich base
1709	вн58522	225448 AG		-			8-aminoquinoline
1715	AG99266	5990	30-60	- 1			8-aminoquinoline
1716	AJ63248	9792		_			
1717	AB65541	61112		-			Hydroxypyridine
1718	BD22997	158124		_ :			
1719	BE50003	181023	30-100	_			4-methyl primaquine
1720	BE17580	182234	3-10	-			2-methyl primaquine
1721	ZP12775	211814	1-3	-			8-aminoquinoline
1722	ZN43444	215295	300	-			8-aminoquinoline
1723	ZN81499	228000	10.30	-			8-aminoquinoline
1724	ZN78910	228583	30	-			8-aminoquinoline
1725	вн13989	233627		- :			8-aminoquinoline
1726	вн35770	235485		-			8-aminoquinoline
1727	вн69990	238605		+			
1728	BJ08189	243789		-			
1729	BJ45691	246315	1	+			
1730	BJ51779	247705	1	<b>+</b>			
1731	BJ59202	248412		+			
1732	BH58120	237375		[ -			
1733	BG66798	228708	10-30	±			8-aminoquinoline
1734	вн89438	242511		+		ł	
1736	BJ78592			-	{	ĺ	
1740	AY29540			+			Quinolone/Naphthoquinone
1741	BC78878		1	+	}		
1751	ZN41968	1		-			
1752	вко2771	ł		+++	++	+	Floxacrine analogue
1753	вко2780			-	}		Floxacrine analogue

<sup>±</sup> 

Residual Activity - No Residual Activity

<sup>+</sup> Slight Residual Activity

<sup>++</sup> Marked Residual Activity

<sup>+++</sup> Fully Residual Activity

# SUMMARY OF RESIDUAL ACTIVITY TEST

Dose = 100 mg/kg sc

## RESIDUAL ACTIVITY AT D+

LON	BN	WR No.	MFED	2	7	14	Type of Compound
1707	BG56327	194965 AG		++	++		Mannich base
1727	вн69990	238605		++	_		
1729	BJ45691	246315		++***	_**		
1730	BJ51779	247705		MTD	MTD		
1731	BJ59202	248412		+*	_		
1734	вн89438	242511		++**	_***		
1740	AY29540			+	-		Quinoline/Naphthoq-
1741	BC78878			+	-		uinone

<sup>\* 2/5</sup> DIED

<sup>\*\* 3/5</sup> DIED

<sup>\*\*\* 4/5</sup> DIED

# SUMMARY OF RESULTS OF RAT TEST FOR ACTIVITY AGAINST EXOERYTHROCYTIC STAGES

COMPOUND :

WR225448 (Lon 1709) ROUTE : sc x 1

VERTEBRATE HOST: Albino rats (body weight = 60g)

INVERT EBRATE

HOST:

A.stephensi (50-100 mosquitoes/rat)

PARASITE:

P.y.nigeriensis

TREATED:

l hour post infection

Dose	Schizonts in biopsy at + 45 hours		В	lood	films	<u> </u>
mg/kg		D+3	D+4	D+6	D+8	D+9
Ø	10-20/section. all large	+				+
0.25	13-18/section. Variable in size	+			+	
1.0	O-24 /section. Very variable in size	+			-	
3.0	O-1/section. Very small, abnormal	-	-	+		+
5.0	0 seen		-	+	+	
10.0	0 seen		-	_	-	-
30.0	O seen	-	-	_	_	_

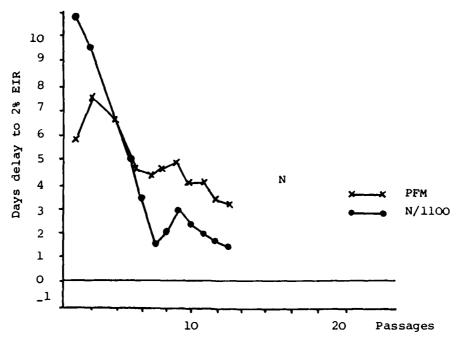


Fig. la. Development of resistance in drug sensitive P.berghei (N strain) to mefloquine alone (N/1100) and mefloquine administered together Fansidar (PFM) using the relapse technique.

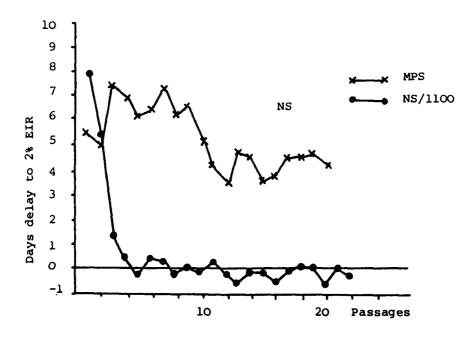


Fig. 1b. Development of resistance in chloroquine-resistant P.berghei (NS strain) to mefloquine alone (NS/1100) and to mefloquine administered together with Fansidar (MPS) using the relapse technique.

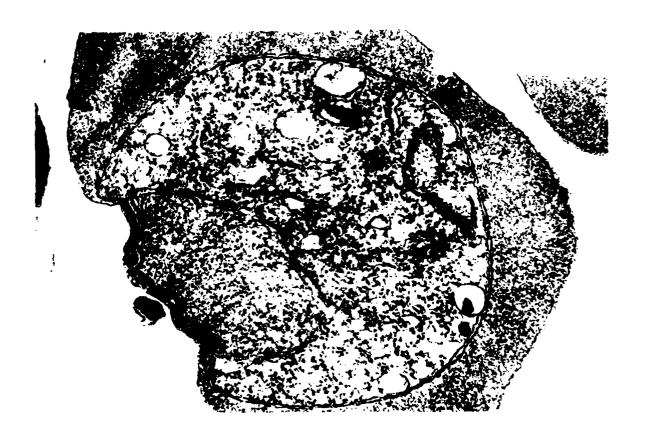


Plate 1. Effect of WR 194965 on blood stage of
P.berghei (N strain) 3 hours post treatment
with a single dose of 10 mg/kg sc. (x 52000)

Note swelling of digestive vacuoles and release of pigment into cytoplasm.



Plate 2. Effect of WR228258 on blood stage of

P.berghei (N strain) 1 hour after treatment with
a single dose of 10 mg/kg sc (x 26000)

Note nuclear blebbing and generalised membrane damage at 1 hour.  $\,$ 

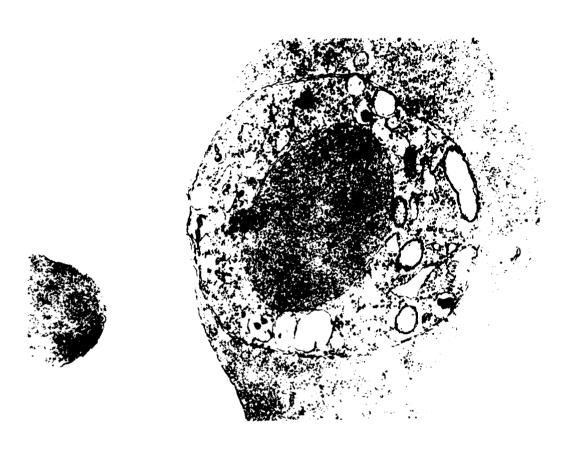


Plate 3. Effect of WR 225448 on blood stage of P.berghei (N strain) 24 hours after treatment with a single dose of 10 mg/kg sc. (  $\times$  26000)

Note the marked proliferation of mitochondria



Plate 4. 45 hour exoerythrocytic schizont of

P.y. nigeriensis in rat liver showing the effect
of a single sc. dose of 50 mg/kg primaquine administered
3 hours after infection. ( x 26000)

Note thethickening and darkening of mitochondrial membranes and early pathology of these organelles

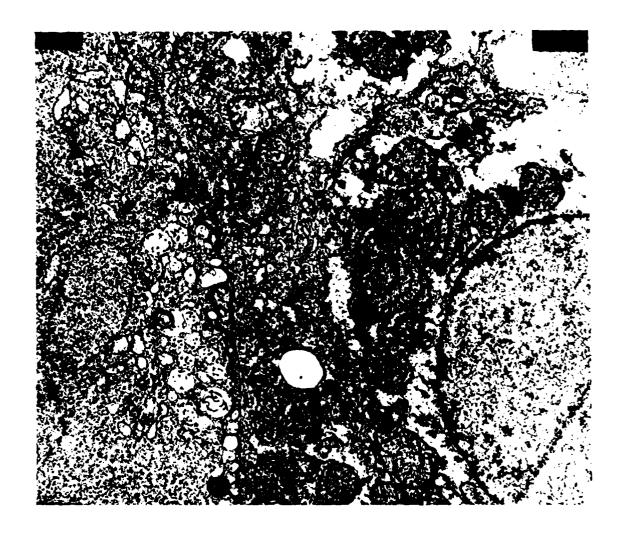


Plate 5. 45 hour excerythrocytic schizont of P.y.nigeriensis showing the effect of a single sc. dose of mg/kg WR 225448.

Note that the "enzyme" particles are no longer breaking out of the parasite membrane to act on host cell. The drug has apparently stopped completely this normal parasite activity. The outer parasite membrane is here straight and without bursting "enzyme" vacuoles.